

Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Oronogo Oronogo, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Oronogo, Missouri, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Oronogo, Missouri, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in the modified cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this manner.

Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oronogo, Missouri's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri DRAFT, 2019

Government-Wide Financial Statements



Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	873,709	\$	396,604	\$ 1,270,313
Investments - unrestricted		100,374		731,126	831,500
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		38,744		248,160	 286,904
Total Assets	\$	1,012,827	\$	1,375,890	\$ 2,388,717
Net Position					
Restricted	\$	407,039	\$	248,160	\$ 655,199
Unrestricted		605,788		1,127,730	1,733,518
Total Net Position	\$	1,012,827	\$	1,375,890	\$ 2,388,717

Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis

Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Receip	ots		ceipts sition	
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Governmental Activities							
Administrative	\$ (259,119)	\$ 144,254	\$ 47		\$ (114,818)	\$ -	\$ (114,818)
Police	(355,162)	1,924	6,539	26,310	(320,389)	-	(320,389)
Municipal court	(15,982)	61,385	-	-	45,403	-	45,403
Streets	(142,494)	-		-	(142,494)	-	(142,494)
Park	(2,951)	-			(2,951)	-	(2,951)
Debt service	(170,188)	-	-	-	(170,188)	-	(170,188)
Total Governmental Activities	(945,896)	207,563	6,586	26,310	(705,437)	-	(705,437)
Business-Type Activities							
Water and sewer	(909,447)	694,876		-	-	(214,571)	(214,571)
Natural gas	(144,098)	159,071		. <u>-</u>	-	14,973	14,973
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,053,545)	853,947	-	-	-	(199,598)	(199,598)
Total Government	\$ (1,999,441)	\$ 1,061,510	\$ 6,586	\$ 26,310	(705,437)	(199,598)	(905,035)
		General Receipts	S				
		Ad valorem ta			94,947	-	94,947
		Sales taxes			221,098	-	221,098
		Franchise taxe	es		127,278	-	127,278
		Motor vehicle	taxes		95,377	-	95,377
		Interest			6,480	12,673	19,153
		Other receipts	3		52,443	-	52,443
		Total Gener	al Receipts		597,623	12,673	610,296
		Changes in Net F	Position		(107,814)	(186,925)	(294,739)
		Net Position, Beg			1,120,641	1,562,815	2,683,456
		Net Position, En	d of year		\$ 1,012,827	\$ 1,375,890	\$ 2,388,717

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements



Statement of Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds							
	General Fund		Street Fund		Stormwater Fund		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	605,788	\$	201,703	\$	66,218	\$	873,709
Investments - unrestricted		-		-		100,374		100,374
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		4,920		-		33,824		38,744
Total Assets	\$	610,708	\$	201,703	\$	200,416	\$	1,012,827
Fund Balance Restricted for:)			
Law enforcement training	\$	3,261	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,261
Judicial education		1,659		-		-		1,659
Stormwater buyout and reserve		-		-		33,824		33,824
Streets		-		201,703		-		201,703
Stormwater improvements		-		-		166,592		166,592
Unassigned		605,788		-				605,788
Total Fund Balances	\$	610,708	\$	201,703	\$	200,416	\$	1,012,827

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds				
	 General Fund	Street Fund	Sto	ormwater Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Receipts						
Taxes	\$ 339,675	\$ 149,797	\$	49,228	\$	538,700
Licenses and permits	6,658	-		-		6,658
Intergovernmental receipts	32,849	-		-		32,849
Charges for services	139,520	-		-		139,520
Fines and forfeitures	61,385	-		-		61,385
Miscellaneous	 54,730	 896		3,344		58,970
Total Receipts	634,817	150,693		52,572		838,082
Disbursements Current						
Administrative	259,119	-		-		259,119
Police	355,162	-		-		355,162
Municipal court	15,982	-		-		15,982
Streets	-	142,494		-		142,494
Park	-	-		2,951		2,951
Debt service						
Principal and interest	4,340	165,848		_		170,188
Total Disbursements	634,603	 308,342		2,951		945,896
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	214	(157,649)		49,621		(107,814)
Fund Balance, July 1	 610,494	 359,352		150,795		1,120,641
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 610,708	\$ 201,703	\$	200,416	\$	1,012,827

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis

June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds					
	V	Vater and	N	latural		
	Se	ewer Fund	Ga	as Fund		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	284,547	\$	112,057	\$	396,604
Investments - unrestricted		530,377		200,749		731,126
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		224,624		23,536		248,160
Total Assets	\$	1,039,548	\$	336,342	\$	1,375,890
Net Position						
Restricted	\$	224,624	\$	23,536	\$	248,160
Unrestricted		814,924		312,806		1,127,730
Total Net Position	\$	1,039,548	\$	336,342	\$	1,375,890

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis

Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Ente	rprise Funds		
	W	ater and		Natural		
	Sewer Fund		Gas Fund		Total	
Operating Receipts						
Charges for services	\$	694,303	\$	157,287	\$	851,590
Other		573		1,784		2,357
Total Operating Receipts		694,876		159,071		853,947
Operating Disbursements						
Wages and benefits		207,832		7,547		215,379
Professional services		18,801		5,685		24,486
Utilities		46,984		355		47,339
Insurance		15,239		1,970		17,209
Supplies		8,328		745		9,073
Travel, meetings & dues		1,463		421		1,884
Vehicle expense		4,289		219		4,508
Repairs and maintenance		83,149		3,115		86,264
Advertising		513		106		619
Sewer plant		65,731		-		65,731
Natural gas		-		63,728		63,728
Miscellaneous		41,305		668		41,973
Total Operating Disbursements		493,634		84,559		578,193
Operating Income		201,242		74,512		275,754
Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)						
Interest receipts		10,779		1,894		12,673
Capital outlay		(272,196)		(339)		(272,535)
Debt service						
Principal		(71,938)		(59,200)		(131,138)
Interest		(70,829)		-		(70,829)
Fees		(850)		_		(850)
Total Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)		(405,034)		(57,645)		(462,679)
Net Income (Loss)		(203,792)		16,867		(186,925)
Net Position, July 1		1,243,340		319,475		1,562,815
Net Position, June 30	\$	1,039,548	\$	336,342	\$	1,375,890

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Ente	rprise Funds		
	V	Vater and		Natural		
	S	ewer Fund	(Gas Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					•	
Cash received from customers	\$	694,876	\$	159,071	\$	853,947
Cash paid to suppliers		(285,802)		(77,012)		(362,814)
Cash paid to employees		(207,832)		(7,547)		(215,379)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	201,242		74,512		275,754
Cash Flows from Capital and Reltaed Financing Activities				4		
Payment of bond principal		(71,938)		(59,200)		(131,138)
Payment of interest expense		(70,829)		-		(70,829)
Payment of fees		(850)		-		(850)
Purchase of capital outlay		(272,196)		(339)		(272,535)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(415,813)		(59,539)		(475,352)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Purchase of investments		(507,616)		(200,749)		(708,365)
Interest received on cash and investments		10,779		1,894		12,673
Net Cash (Used) by Investing Activities		(496,837)		(198,855)		(695,692)
					•	
Net (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(711,408)		(183,882)		(895,290)
Cash and Cash Equivalent, Beginning of year		1,220,579		319,475		1,540,054
Cash and Cash Equivalent, End of year		509,171		135,593		644,764
cush and cush Equivalent, End of year		303,171		133,333		011,701
Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent		224,624		23,536		248,160
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$	284,547	\$	112,057	\$	396,604
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by						
Operating Activities						
Operating income	\$	201,242	\$	74,512	\$	275,754
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	•	•	•	•	•	•
provided by operating activities		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	201,242	\$	74,512	\$	275,754

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Oronogo, Missouri, (the City) operates as a fourth class city under an elected Mayor - Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services: public safety, streets, parks and recreation, planning and development, and general administrative services. Other services include water, sewer, and trash operations.

The accounting policies of the City conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City is organized under the laws of the State of Missouri and is a primary government governed by an elected five-member Board. The City is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is it a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities, which are financed mostly through taxes and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely mostly on fees and charges for services for support.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, fund balance, receipts, and disbursements. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds of the City are as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Street Fund: The Street Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for City streets.

Stormwater Fund: The Stormwater Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for stormwater improvements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Proprietary Fund Types

Water and Sewer Fund: The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's water and sewer operations.

Natural Gas Fund: The Natural Gas Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's natural gas operations.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide Statement of Assets and Net Position and Statement of Activities, as well as the fund financial statements, are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, net position/fund balance, receipts, and disbursements when they result from cash transactions. The modification to the cash basis relates to the presentation of investments. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenditures/expenses (such as accounts payable and expenditures/expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenditures and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for the governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the proprietary fund would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting and would include capital assets and long-term debt.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all accounts subject to withdrawal by check or ondemand to be cash equivalents.

Vacation and Sick Leave

Utilization of accumulated vacation and sick leave by employees in future years is not expected to have a material impact on City disbursements in any one year.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions is not reported in the government-wide financial statements or the fund financial statements, which is consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as disbursements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Capital Outlay

Capital assets are property and equipment purchases and are recorded as disbursements at the time the goods are paid for and received.

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board of Aldermen – the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In circumstances when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in two components as follows:

Restricted net position: Consists of the net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position: Consists of the financial position that does not meet the definition of "restricted".

When a disbursement is made for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position (equity) are available, the City first applies restricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Program Receipts

In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. These include charges for good, services, or privileges provided and operating grants and contributions. All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating Receipts and Disbursements

Operating receipts and disbursements for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services. All other receipts and disbursements are considered nonoperating.

2. Cash & Cash Equivalents

State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of June 30, 2019, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized.

3. Investments

The City has the following investments at June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Maturity	 Total
Certificates of Deposit	12/12/19 - 04/30/20	\$ 831,500

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of Deposit with maturities in excess of three months are classified as investments but are considered deposits for custodial risk determination, therefore were not subject to fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of June 30, 2019, all Certificates of Deposit are entirely insured or collateralized with securities.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a policy on interest rate risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

4. Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents, fund balance, and net position have been restricted as follows:

	Cash	estricted and Cash uivalents	Fun	estricted d Balance/ t Position
General Fund		4		
Law enforcement training	\$	3,261	\$	3,261
Judicial education	4	1,659		1,659
	\$	4,920	\$	4,920
Street Fund		,		
Streets	\$	_	\$	201,703
Streets	+			201,703
Stormwater Fund				
Stormwater buyout and reserve	\$	33,824	\$	33,824
Stormwater improvements		-		166,592
	\$	33,824	\$	200,416
				_
Water and Sewer Fund				
Debt service reserve	\$	121,612	\$	121,612
Replacement & extension		31,325		31,325
Customer utility deposits		71,687		71,687
	\$	224,624	\$	224,624
Natural Gas Fund				
Customer utility deposits	¢	23,536	\$	23,536
Customer utility deposits	γ	23,330	Ş	23,330

5. Assessed Valuation, Tax Levy, & Legal Debt Margin

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due December 31. The county collects the property taxes and remits them to the City.

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

	 2018
Assessed Valuation	_
Real estate	\$ 17,416,288
Personal property	 5,198,994
Total	\$ 22,615,282

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

	 2018
Tax Rates Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation	
General Fund	\$.2728
Street Fund	 .1302
Total	\$.4030

The legal debt margin at June 30, 2019, was computed as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds									
	0	ordinary (1)	Add	ditional (2)	Total						
Constitutional Debt Limit	\$	2,261,528	\$	2,261,528	\$	4,523,056					
General Obligation Bonds Payable											
Legal Debt Margin	\$	2,261,528	\$	2,261,528	\$	4,523,056					

Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purpose authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City, by vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional ten percent for the purpose of acquiring rights of way, constructing, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed twenty percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

6. Long-Term Debt – Governmental Activities

Long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2019, consists of compensated absences.

The following table is a summary of the changes in the long-term debt of the governmental activities:

	Balance Iune 30, 2018	Additions Retirements			Ju	alance ine 30, 2019	Amou Due W One Y	/ithin	
2009 Revenue Bonds	\$ 164,998	\$	-	\$	164,998	\$	-	\$	-
2014 Police Vehicle Lease	4,319		-		4,319		-		-
Compensated Absences	 5,913		1,378				7,291		-
	\$ 175,230	\$	1,378	\$	169,317	\$	7,291	\$	-

7. Long-Term Debt - Business-Type Activities

Long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2019, consists of the 2016D Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bond, 2016A Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2016B Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, and compensated absences.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Revenue Bonds

On July 26, 2016, the City issued \$500,000 in Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping improvements to the City's combined waterworks and sewerage system. The bonds bear interest at the rate of 2.5%. Principal and interest payments are due monthly in the amount of \$1,991. The revenue bonds are a direct placement/direct borrowing debt issuance. If the City defaults in the payment of principal or interest on the bonds as they become due for a period of 60 days after written notice specifying such default has been given to the City, by the registered owner of any bond then outstanding, then at any time thereafter and while such default continues, the registered owners of 25% in principal amounts of the bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the City, declare the principal of all bonds then outstanding to be due and payable immediately. Annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Direct Placement/Direct Borrowing							
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total					
2020	\$ 12,390	\$ 11,502	\$ 23,892					
2021	12,703	11,189	23,892					
2022	13,025	10,867	23,892					
2023	13,354	10,538	23,892					
2024	13,692	10,200	23,892					
2025	14,038	9,854	23,892					
2026	14,393	9,499	23,892					
2027	14,757	9,135	23,892					
2028	15,130	8,762	23,892					
2029	15,513	8,379	23,892					
2030	15,905	7,987	23,892					
2031	16,307	7,585	23,892					
2032	16,719	7,173	23,892					
2033	17,142	6,750	23,892					
2034	17,576	6,316	23,892					
2035	18,020	5,872	23,892					
2036	18,476	5,416	23,892					
2037	18,943	4,949	23,892					
2038	19,422	4,470	23,892					
2039	19,913	3,979	23,892					
2040	20,417	3,475	23,892					
2041	20,933	2,959	23,892					
2042	21,463	2,429	23,892					
2043	22,005	1,887	23,892					
2044	22,538	1,354	23,892					
2045	23,108	784	23,892					
2046	17,853	200	18,053					
	\$ 465,735	\$ 173,510	\$ 639,245					

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

On August 18, 2016, the City issued \$1,640,000 in Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Refunding Revenue Bonds for the purpose of refinancing the City's 2005C Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. The bonds bear interest at the varying rate of 1.00% to 3.60%. Principal payments are due December 1 and interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 of each year. If the City defaults in the payment of principal or interest on the bonds as they become due for a period of 60 days after written notice specifying such default has been given to the City, by the registered owner of any bond then outstanding, then at any time thereafter and while such default continues, the registered owners of 25% in principal amounts of the bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the City, declare the principal of all bonds then outstanding to be due and payable immediately. Annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 50,000	\$ 44,915	\$ 94,915
2021	55,000	44,020	99,020
2022	55,000	42,975	97,975
2023	55,000	41,820	96,820
2024	55,000	40,555	95,555
2025	60,000	39,115	99,115
2026	60,000	38,335	98,335
2027	65,000	37,525	102,525
2028	65,000	35,805	100,805
2029	65,000	33,888	98,888
2030	70,000	31,873	101,873
2031	70,000	29,780	99,780
2032	75,000	27,610	102,610
2033	75,000	25,363	100,363
2034	80,000	22,925	102,925
2035	80,000	20,290	100,290
2036	85,000	17,570	102,570
2037	90,000	14,765	104,765
2038	90,000	11,790	101,790
2039	95,000	8,640	103,640
2040	100,000	5,310	105,310
	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 614,869	\$ 2,109,869

On August 18, 2016, the City issued \$425,000 in Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping improvements to the City's combined waterworks and sewerage system. The bonds bear interest at the varying rate of 2.10% to 3.70%. Principal payments are due December 1 and interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 of each year. If the City defaults in the payment of principal or interest on the bonds as they become due for a period of 60 days after written notice specifying such default has been given to the City, by the registered owner of any bond then outstanding, then at any time thereafter and while such default continues, the registered owners of 25% in principal amounts of the bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the City, declare the principal of all bonds then outstanding to be due and payable immediately.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending June	30,	P	Principal		nterest	Total	
2020		\$	10,000	\$	13,000	\$ 23,000	
2021			10,000		12,790	22,790	
2022			10,000		12,580	22,580	
2023			10,000		12,325	22,325	
2024			10,000		12,025	22,025	
2025			10,000		11,725	21,725	
2026			10,000		11,425	21,425	
2027			10,000		11,125	21,125	
2028			10,000		10,825	20,825	
2029			15,000	X	10,435	25,435	
2030			10,000		10,035	20,035	
2031			15,000		9,635	24,635	
2032			15,000		9,425	24,425	
2033			15,000		8,653	23,653	
2034			15,000		8,127	23,127	
2035			15,000		7,603	22,603	
2036			15,000		7,077	22,077	
2037			15,000		6,553	21,553	
2038			20,000		5,920	25,920	
2039			15,000		5,272	20,272	
2040			15,000		4,718	19,718	
2041			120,000		2,220	122,220	
		\$	390,000	\$	203,493	\$ 593,493	

The following table is a summary of the changes in the long-term debt of the business-type activities:

	Balance lune 30, 2018	Ado	litions	Re	tirements_	-	Balance une 30, 2019	Du	mounts e Within ne Year
Direct Borrowing/Direct Placement	_				_		_		_
2016D Revenue Bonds	\$ 477,673	\$	-	\$	11,938	\$	465,735	\$	12,390
Infrastructure Lease	59,200		-		59,200		-		-
2016A Refunding Revenue Bonds	1,545,000		-		50,000		1,495,000		55,000
2016B Revenue Bonds	400,000		-		10,000		390,000		10,000
Compensated Absences	5,581		103		-		5,684		-
	\$ 2,487,454	\$	103	\$	131,138	\$	2,356,419	\$	77,390

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

8. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from commercial insurance companies. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

9. Claims & Adjustments

The City participates in a number of programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Disbursements financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If disbursements are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulation, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, disbursements have not been audited by grantor governments, but the City believes that disallowed disbursements, if any, based on subsequent audits, will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the City.

10. Pledged Receipts

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer receipts to repay the 2016A, 2016B, and 2016D Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds issued to improve and expand the water and sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net receipts and are payable through 2046. Net receipts are receipts of the system less disbursements of the system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,342,607. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net receipts were \$142,767 and \$201,242, respectively.

11. Intermunicipal Agreements

Wastewater Treatment Facilities and Treatment

The Center Creek Wastewater Treatment Board provides wastewater treatment services to the citizens of Webb City, Carterville, and Oronogo, Missouri. In accordance with Missouri law, the Utility is operated by a Board of Directors. Bonded debt must be authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors and approved by a vote of the citizens. The Center Creek Wastewater Treatment Board is a jointly governed organization between the cities of Webb City, Carterville, and Oronogo, Missouri, and authorized by an enactment of the Missouri General Assembly. The Board is a component entity of the City of Webb City, Missouri, because the City of Webb City appoints a voting majority, or five of ten members of the Board, which is comprised of:

- The Mayors of Webb City, Carterville, and Oronogo.
- Four citizens of Webb City, appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council.
- Two citizens of Carterville and one citizen of Oronogo, appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council.

The purpose of the Board is to provide responsibility for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of jointly constructed wastewater facilities, which include a wastewater facility, interceptor sewers, pumping facilities, and force main.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

In accordance with the inter-municipal agreement, ownership and responsibility for operation, maintenance and replacement costs are allocated to each city based on flow consumption of the previous year. These percentages are as follows:

City of Webb City	81.25%
City of Carterville	10.88%
City of Oronogo	7.87%

The Center Creek Wastewater Treatment Board issued separate financial statements that may be obtained by calling (417) 673-4651.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Fina Po	Variance With Final Budget: Positive (Negative)	
Receipts							
Taxes							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	88,000	\$	89,755	\$ 89,755	\$	-
Sales taxes		130,000		122,642	122,642		-
Franchise taxes		130,500		126,494	127,278		784
		348,500		338,891	339,675		784
Licenses and Permits							
Merchants licenses		4,000		2,850	2,901		51
Animal license		500		417	429		12
Building permits		5,000		3,235	3,235		_
Garage sale permits		75		90	93		3
		9,575		6,592	6,658		66
Intergovernmental Receipts Grants		31,324		34,136	32,849		(1,287)
Charges for Services							
Trash		120,000		123,000	127,291		4,291
Board fees		1,000		1,924	1,924		-
Planning and zoning		15,000		10,305	10,305		_
	·	136,000		135,229	139,520		4,291
Fines and Forfeitures							
City court fines		70,000		61,000	61,385		385
Miscellaneous							
Rentals		7,200		7,200	7,200		-
Donations		400		47	47		-
Interest		1,203		3,654	3,921		267
Other receipts		42,650		43,526	43,562		36
•		51,453		54,427	54,730		303
Total Receipts		646,852		630,275	634,817		4,542

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
Disbursements				
Current				
Administrative	275,221	261,376	259,119	2,257
Police	336,334	354,565	355,162	(597)
Municipal court	19,545	16,424	15,982	442
Debt service				
Principal and interest	4,340	4,340	4,340	
Total Disbursements	635,440	636,705	634,603	2,102
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	11,412	(6,430)	214	6,644
Fund Balance, July 1	610,494	610,494	610,494	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 621,906	\$ 604,064	\$ 610,708	\$ 6,644

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Fund – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

Receipts		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Final Po	nce With Budget: ositive gative)
Taxes								
Sales taxes	\$	48,550	\$	49,228	\$	49,228	\$	-
Ad valorem taxes	•	4,500	•	5,192	•	5,192	•	-
Motor vehicle taxes		93,600		87,457		95,377		7,920
		146,650		141,877		149,797		7,920
Miscellaneous								
Interest		750		750		896		146
Other receipts		200		-		<u>-</u>		
		950		750		896		146
Total Receipts		147,600		142,627		150,693		8,066
			1					
Disbursements								
Current								
Streets		147,600		143,698		142,494		1,204
Debt service								
Principal and interest		175,000		165,850		165,848		2
Total Disbursements		322,600		309,548		308,342		1,206
(Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements		(175,000)		(166,921)		(157,649)		9,272
Fund Balance, July 1		359,352		359,352		359,352		_
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	184,352	\$	192,431	\$	201,703	\$	9,272
						,		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Stormwater Fund – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

Receipts	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
Taxes				
Sales taxes	\$ 51,500	\$ 49,228	\$ 49,228	\$ -
Miscellaneous				
Interest	185	95	1,663	1,568
Other	12,150	1,500	1,681	181
	12,335	1,595	3,344	1,749
Total Receipts	63,835	50,823	52,572	1,749
Disbursements Current				
Stormwater	30,450	5,850	-	5,850
Park	3,500	3,789	2,951	838
Total Disbursements	33,950	9,639	2,951	6,688
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	29,885	41,184	49,621	8,437
Fund Balance, July 1	150,795	150,795	150,795	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 180,680	\$ 191,979	\$ 200,416	\$ 8,437

Note to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

- 1) The City utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the Budgetary Comparison Schedules:
- 2) Prior to July, the City Clerk submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed disbursement plans and the proposed means of financing them.
- 3) One public hearing is conducted by the Board of Aldermen in late May or early June to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget.
- 4) Prior to July 1, the City adopts a budget.
- 5) The budget for the City is adopted on the modified cash basis. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by the City.

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Oronogo Oronogo, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Oronogo, Missouri as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a material weakness.

Segregation of Duties

The City does not have an adequate segregation of duties within the various accounting functions. The basic premise behind the segregation of duties is that no one employee should have access to all phases of a transaction, to help prevent errors and irregularities. This weakness is found in the majority of smaller entities.

We Recommend

The City take any steps economically feasible to segregate incompatible duties to help protect the City's assets. However, due to the nature of this weakness, further steps may not be practical.

In addition to the material weakness discussed in the preceding paragraphs, we became aware of additional matters to bring to your attention. The following paragraphs summarize our comments and suggestions regarding these matters.

1. Internal Control Review

As the City evolves, policies and procedures change, the City should periodically conduct a review of its internal control procedures to determine if any changes are necessary in order to protect the City's assets.

We Recommend

The City conduct a review of its internal control procedures to determine opportunities for strengthening safeguards over the City's assets. The City may want to consider conducting reviews on purchasing procedures and other areas the City considers necessary.

2. Cash Balance Minimum Reserves

During our audit, we noted the City did not have a written policy regarding minimum cash balance reserves for funds. Although current balances appear sufficient for contingencies, having a formal policy in place will help assess what funds are available for extraordinary department expenses.

We Recommend

The City design a policy on minimum cash balance reserves to avoid potential future cash flow difficulties and provide a roadmap for funds available for future projects.

3. Investment Policy

Currently, the City does not have an investment policy. The investment policy of the City should address risk in determining acceptable investments. The policy should address credit risk, custodial risk, interest rate risk, and market risk. The policy should also, based on the City's risk assessment, determine the types of investments acceptable to the City.

We Recommend

The Board adopt an investment policy that addresses these risk categories and determine the types of acceptable investments that are within the parameters of the Revised Statutes of Missouri.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the City's administrative personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional studies of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We appreciate this opportunity to serve as City of Oronogo, Missouri's independent auditor and the courtesies and assistance extended to us by the City's employees.

Respectfully submitted,

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri DRAFT, 2019 To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Oronogo Oronogo, Missouri

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Oronogo, Missouri, for the year ended June 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 3, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Oronogo, Missouri, are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following material misstatement detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management:

- Equity
- Bond transactions

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated DRAFT, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with the modified cash basis of accounting, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen and management of the City of Oronogo, Missouri, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri DRAFT, 2019